

# Water Conditions Summary

*Mar 10, 2010*

**Calvin J. Neidrauer, P.E., Chief Engineer**  
***Operations Control & Hydro Data Management Department***  
***South Florida Water Management District***

Governing Board Workshop Agenda Item 8A & 8B

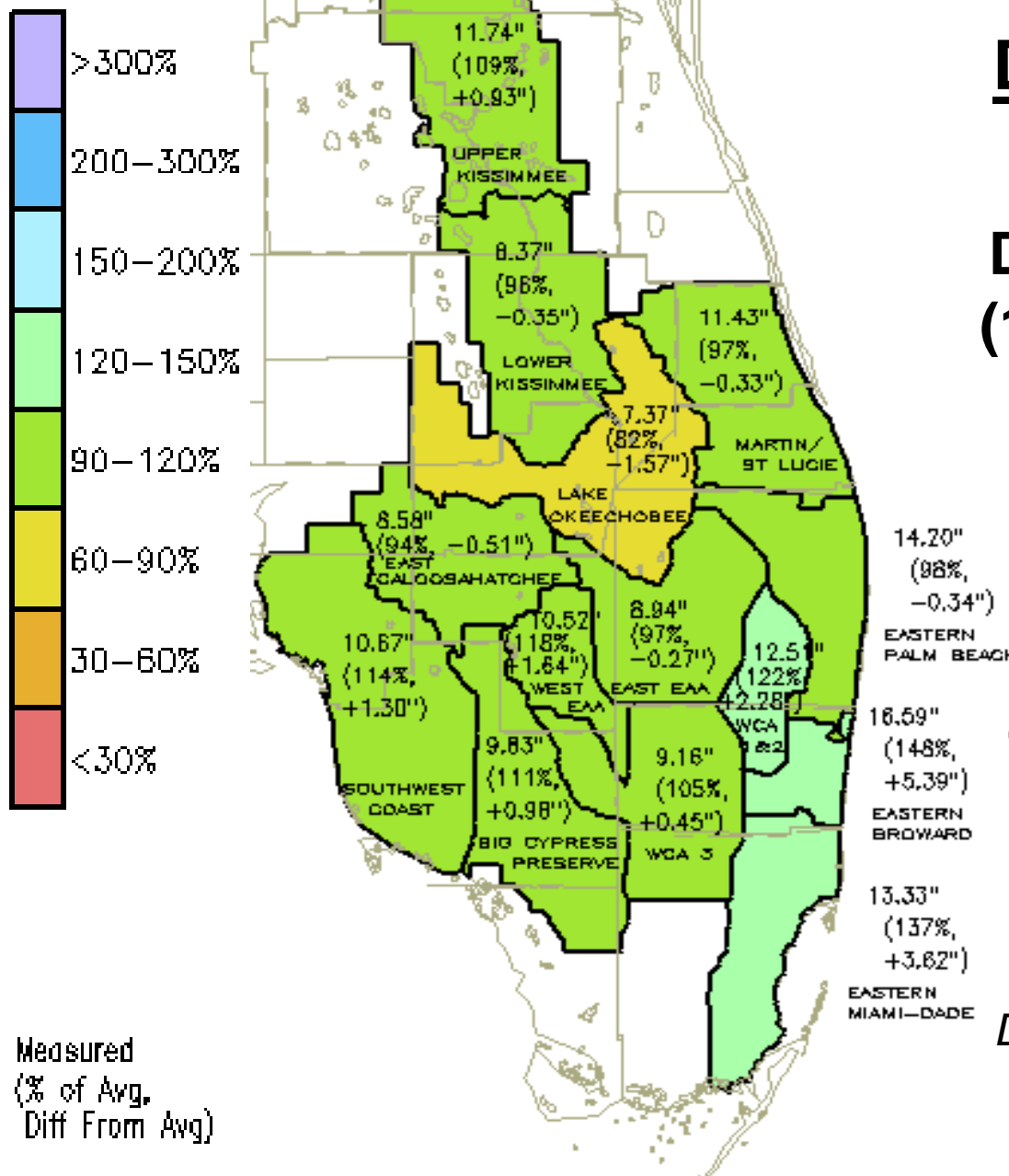
# SFWMD 2010 Dry Season Rainfall Nov 2 - Mar 8

**DISTRICT-WIDE: 10.34"**  
**(106% of Avg, or +0.57")**

*1950-2008  
Dry Season (Nov-May)  
Median 15.3"*

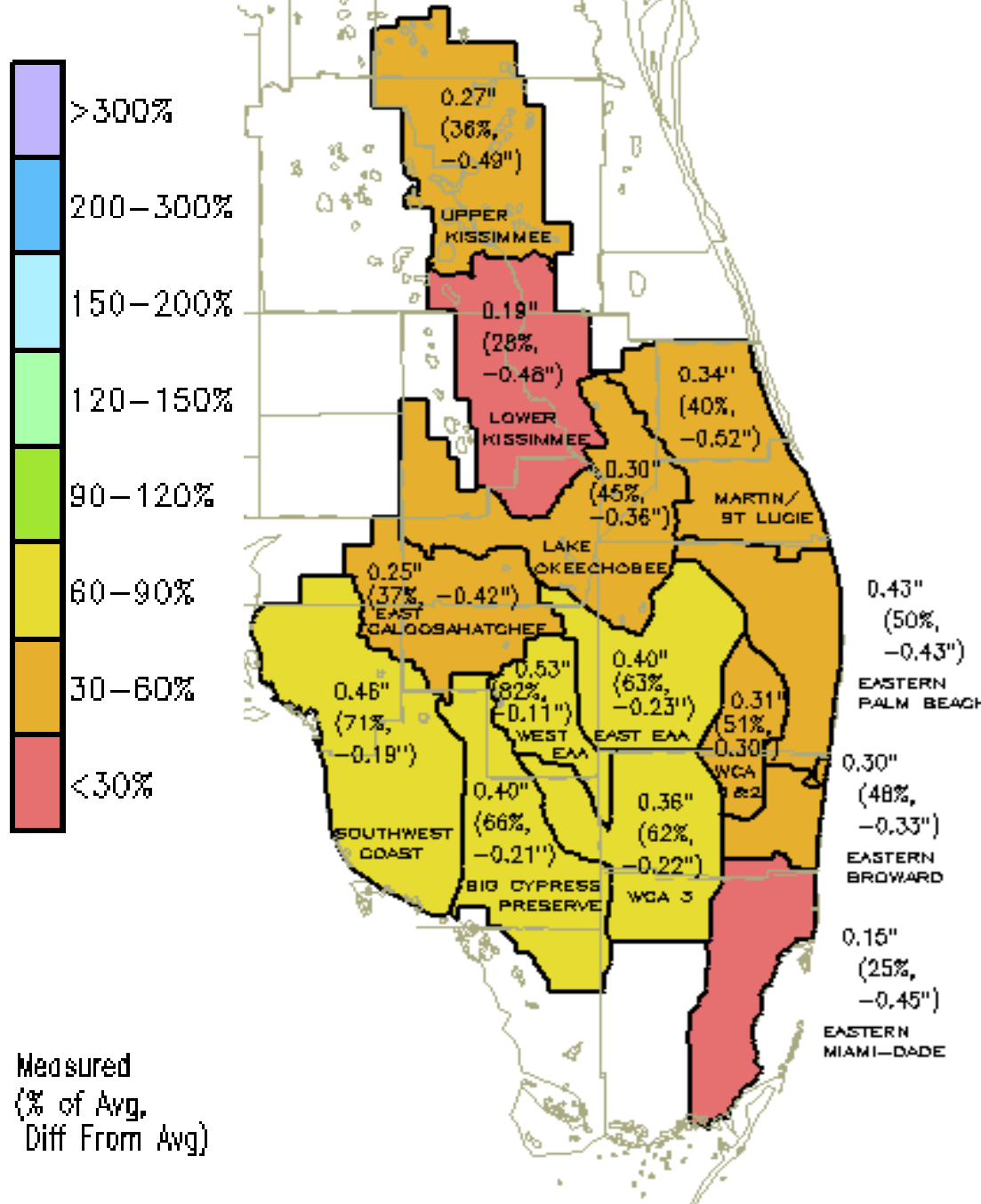
*(20.6" during El Nino years)*

*Recall Last Year  
Nov-Apr Rainfall was 4.5"*  
*Driest since records began in 1932*



# SFWMD 2010 March Rainfall March 2-8

**DISTRICT-WIDE:  
0.34" (50%, - 0.34")**

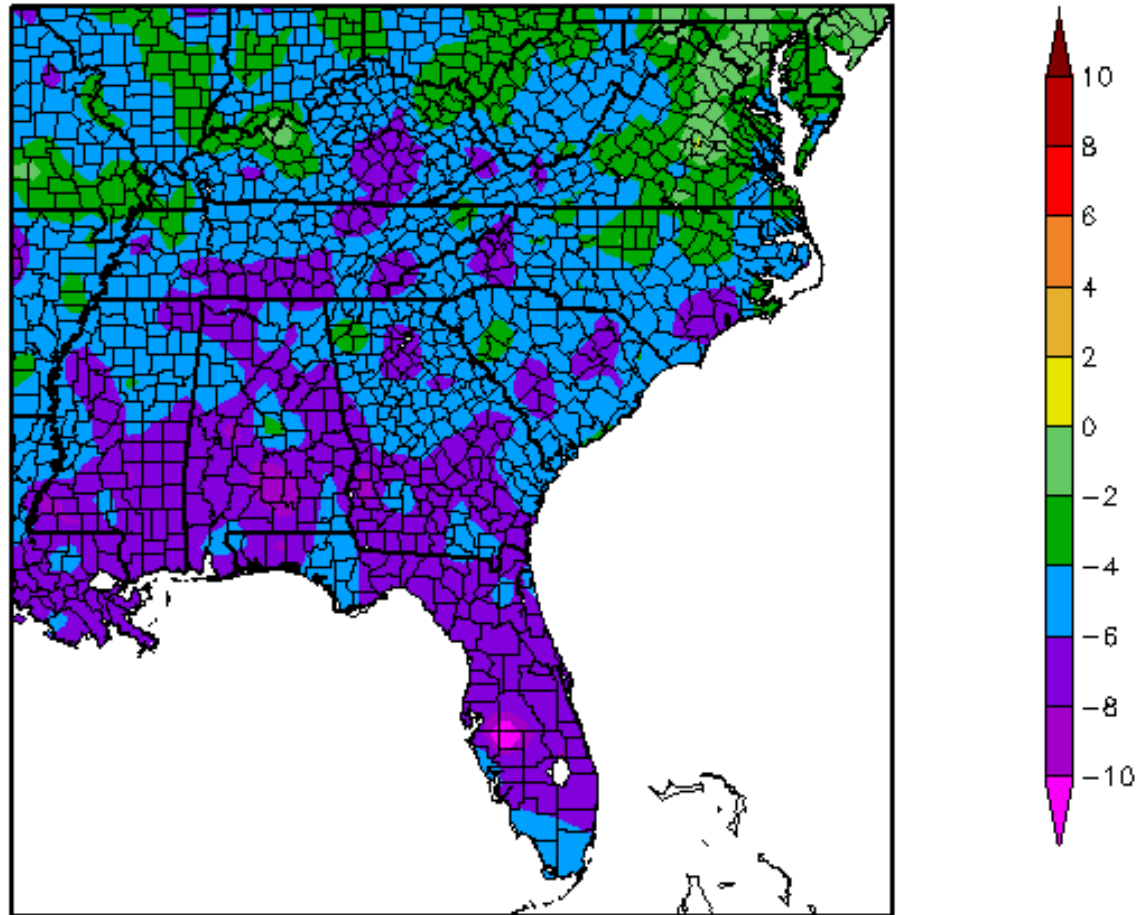


- All basins received less than average rainfall so far
- Average March Rain = 3.0"
- Next significant Rainfall forecast for Thurs-Fri (~1")
- More cold weather coming later this month

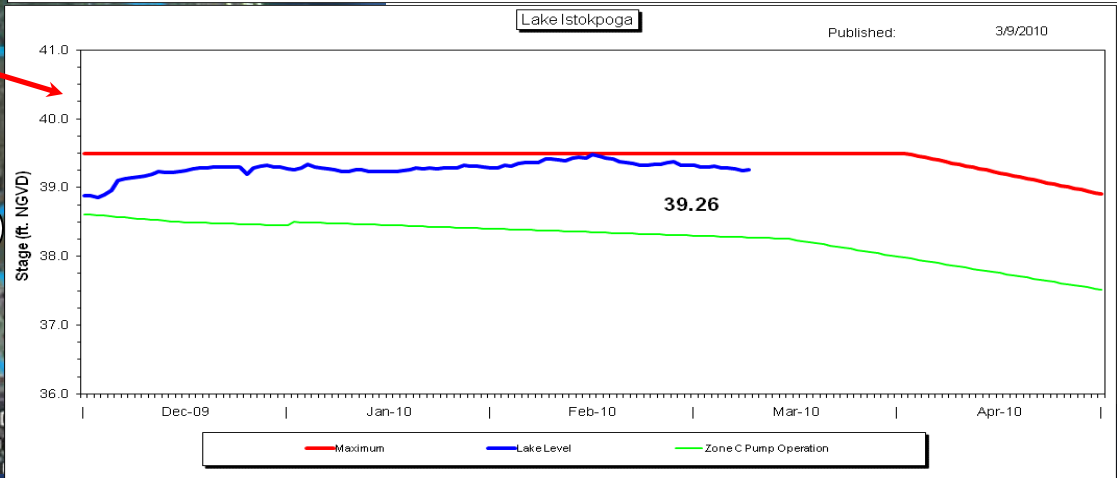
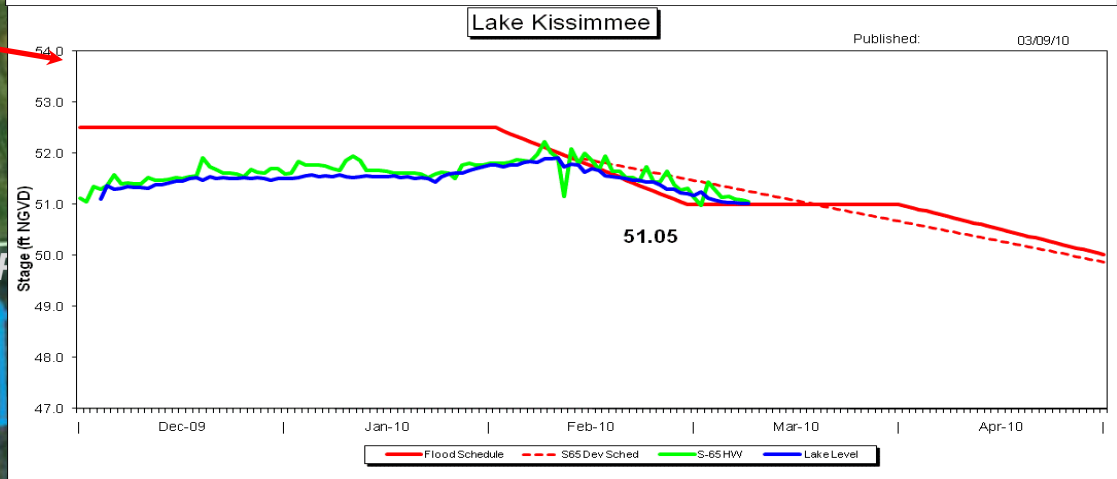
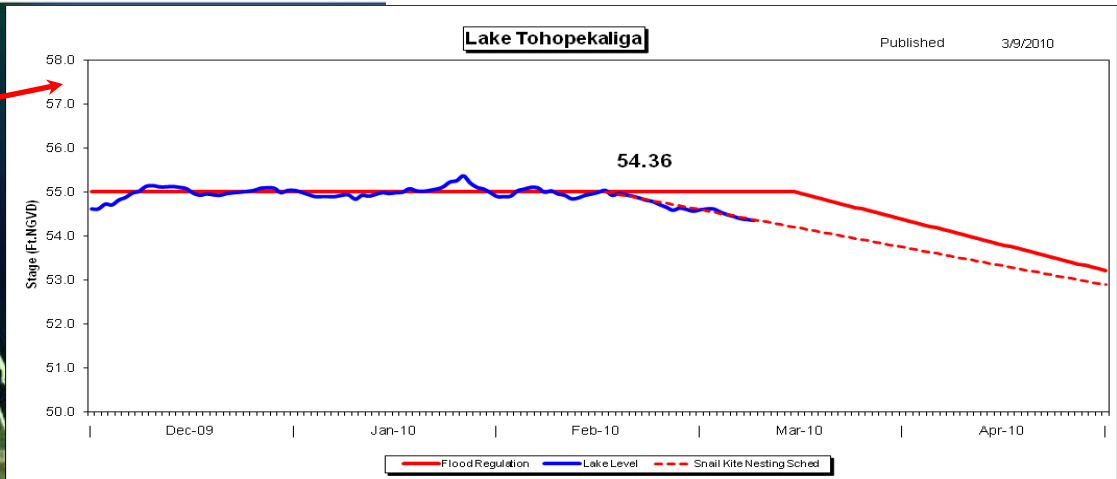
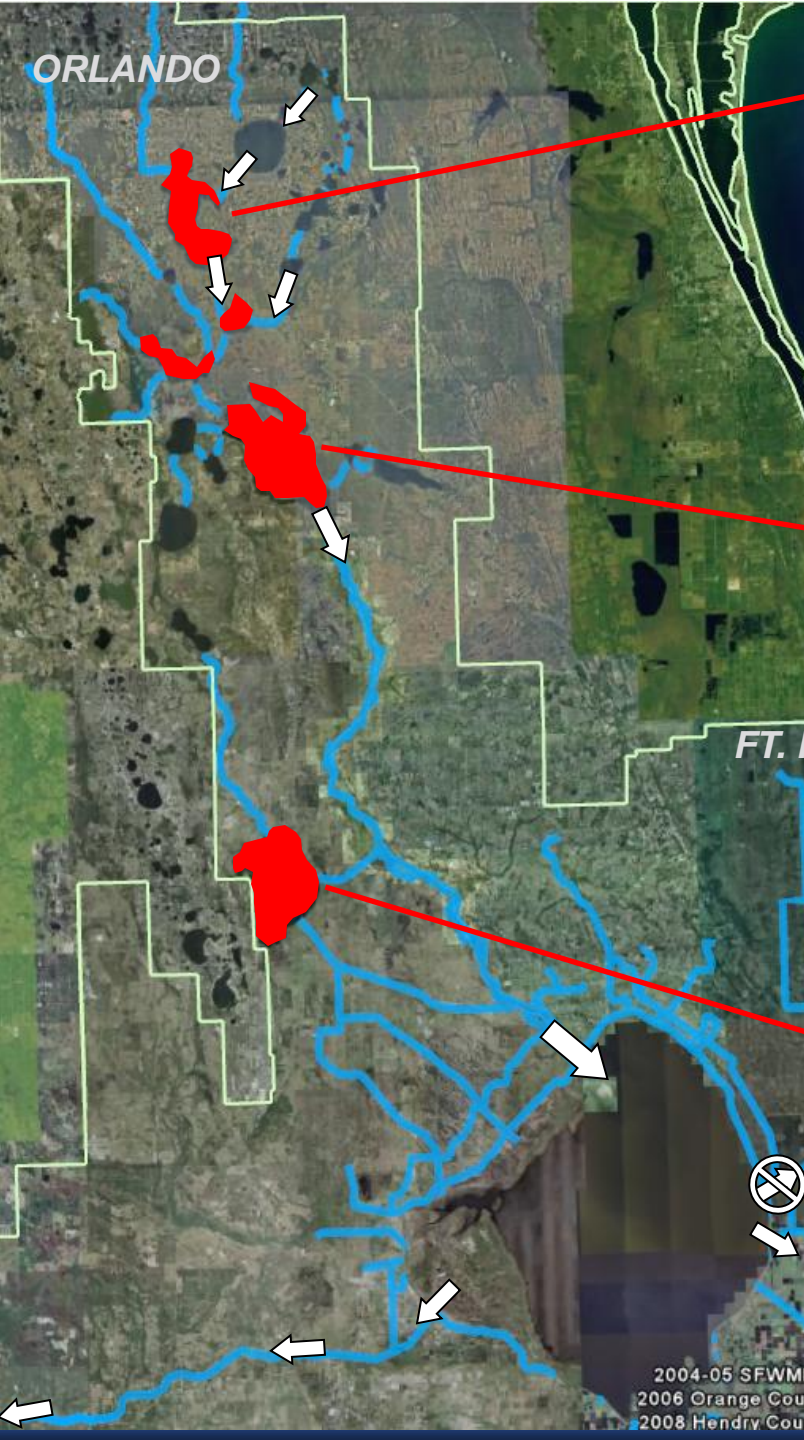
# Record Cold 2010 Winter

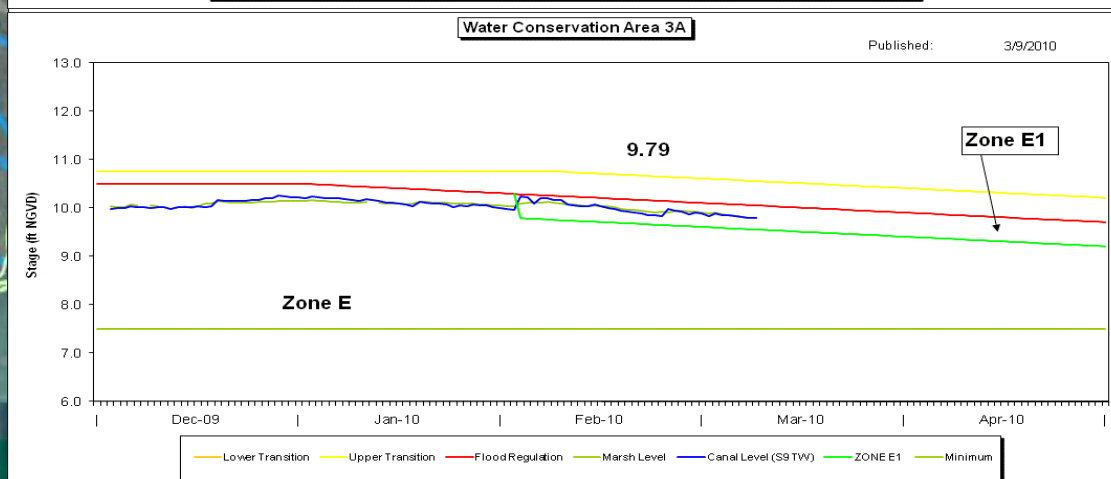
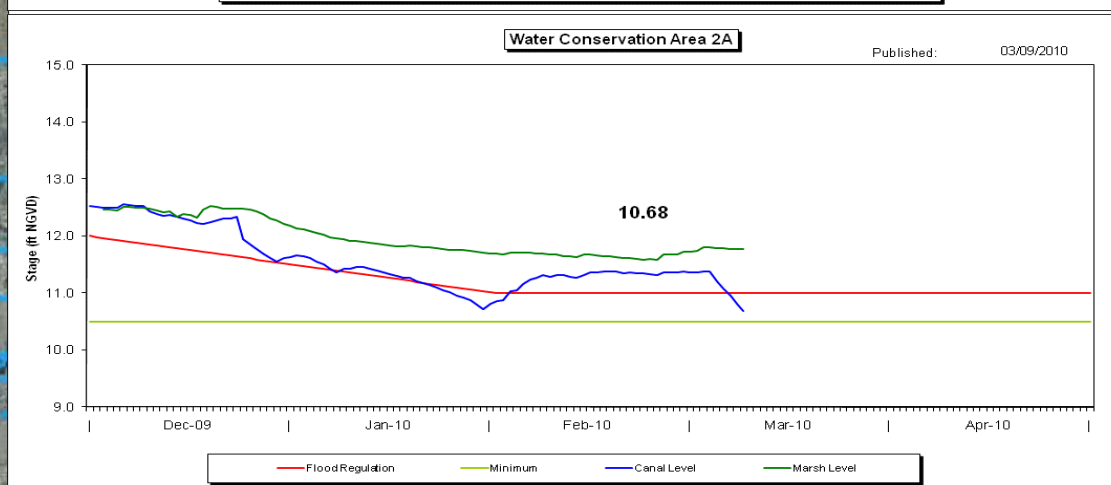
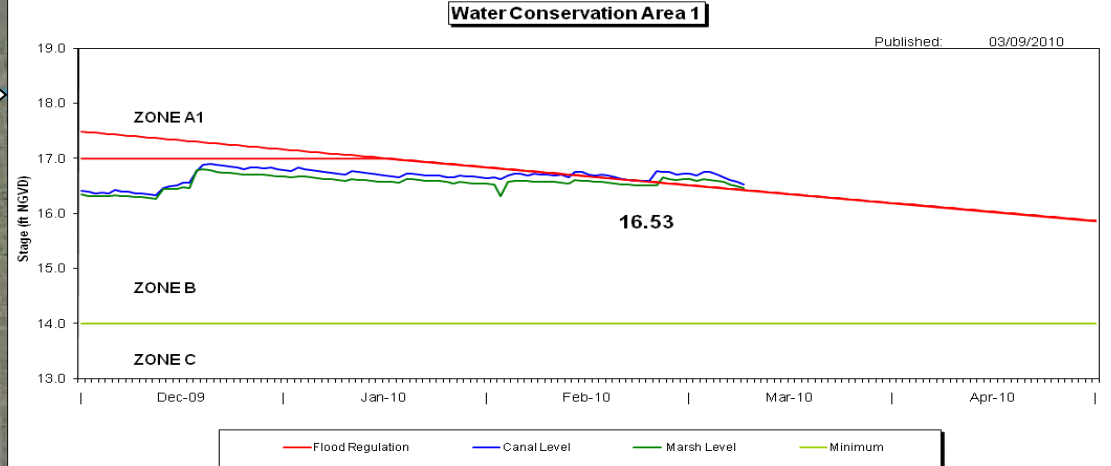
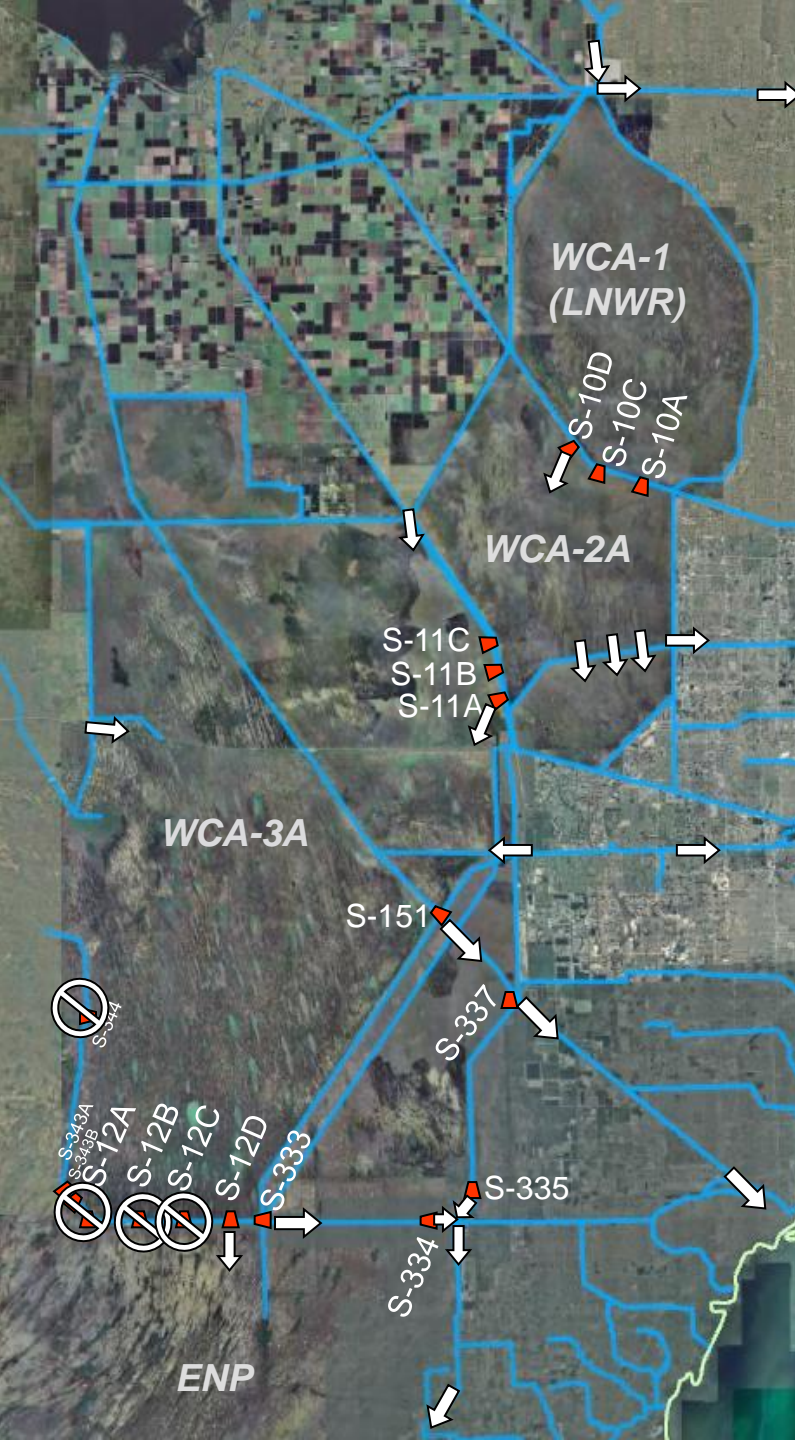
Departure from Normal Temperature (F)  
1/1/2010 – 3/7/2010

- Coldest Winter since 1981
- Most of SFWMD experienced 6-8 degrees below average
- The area west and northwest of Lake O averages about 1-3 nights of freezing temperatures/year.
- This year:
  - Sebring: 7
  - Arcadia: 9
  - Palmdale: 9
  - Clewiston: 4(most occurred in early Jan)



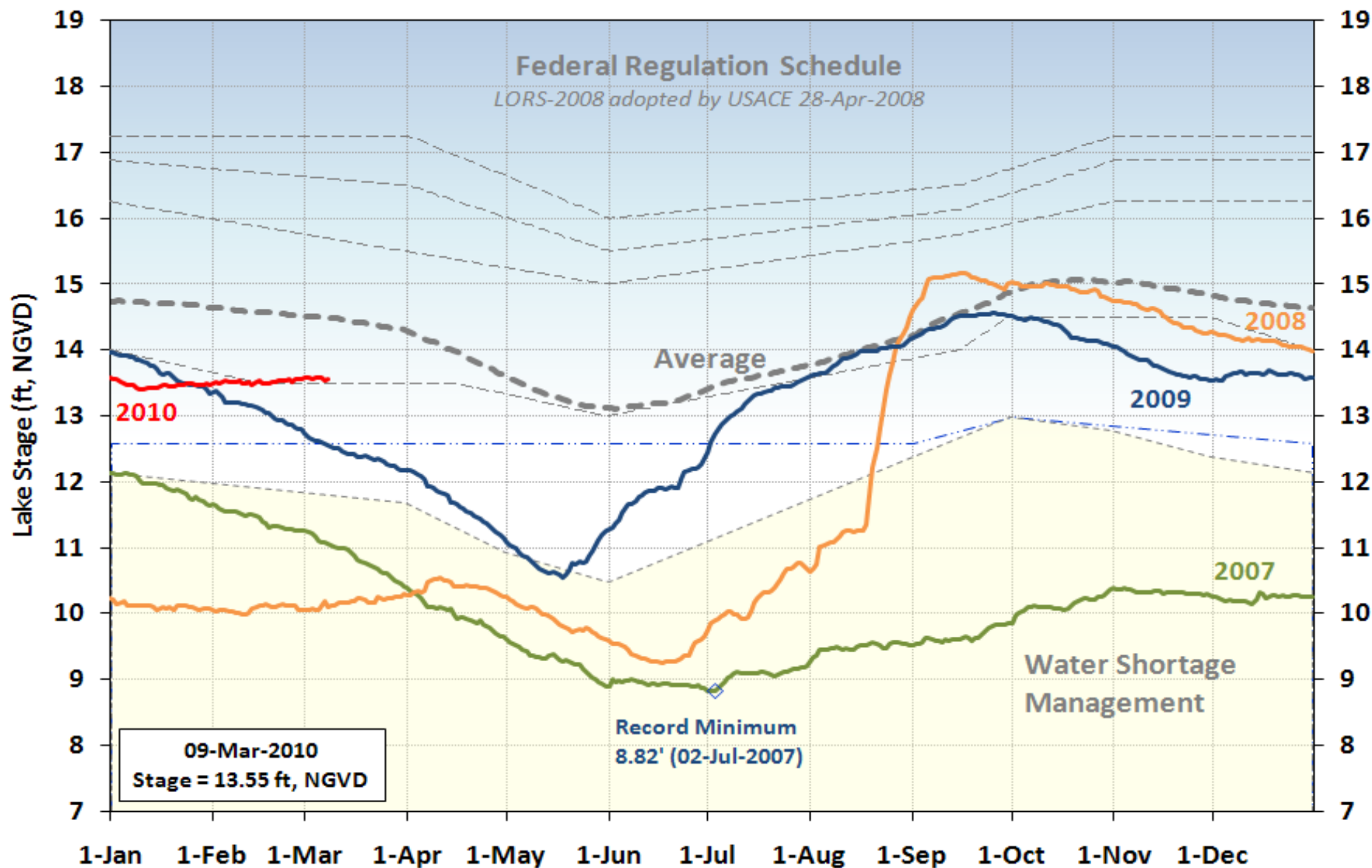






# Lake Okeechobee Stage Hydrograph Comparison

--- Average (1965-2007)    2007    2008    2009    2010





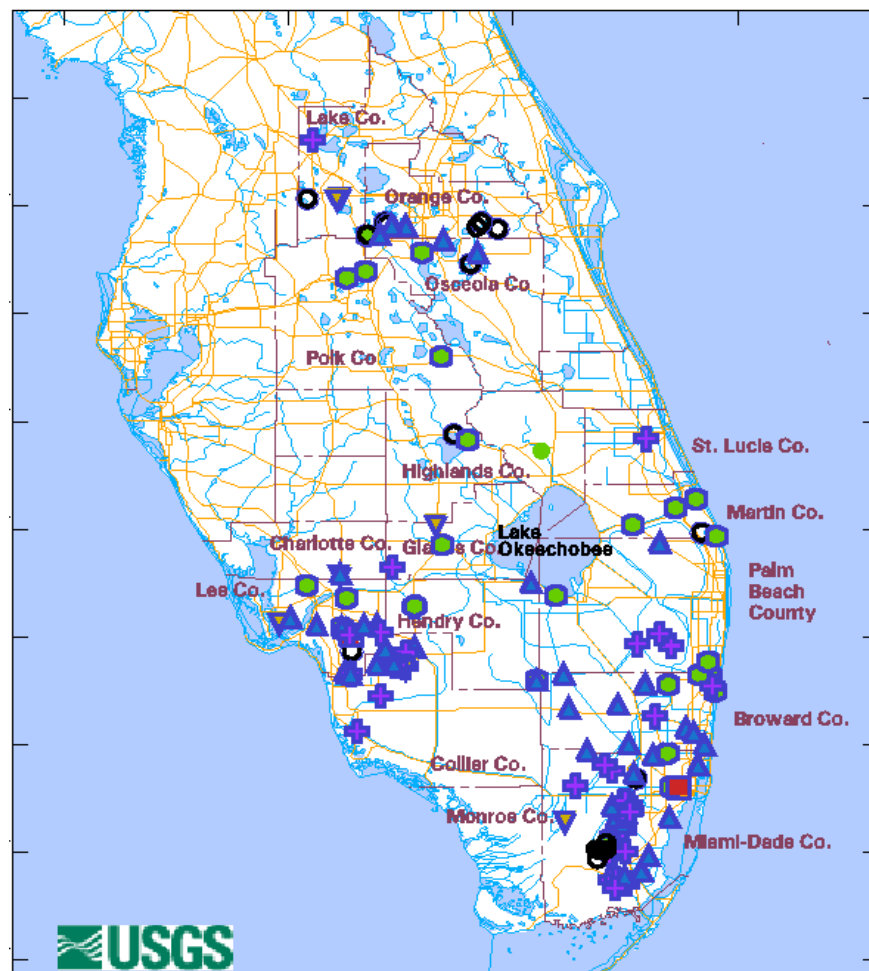
# Groundwater Levels & Water Supply Status

- Most groundwater well levels dropped during the past week but remain mostly either average or above-average for this time of year

- Both Floridan and Surficial wells in the Kissimmee Basin are in general at the median levels or higher
- Lower East Coast groundwater levels are generally above average along the coast and at average values further inland for the majority of wells.
- Surficial aquifer wells in the Lower West Coast are generally at average levels expected for this time of year.

- All water supply risk indicators remain in the “low” risk category

Water levels at selected sites in South Florida,  
Based on PROVISIONAL DATA, as of March 9, 2010.



Water level compared to historical data, after long-term trends are removed:

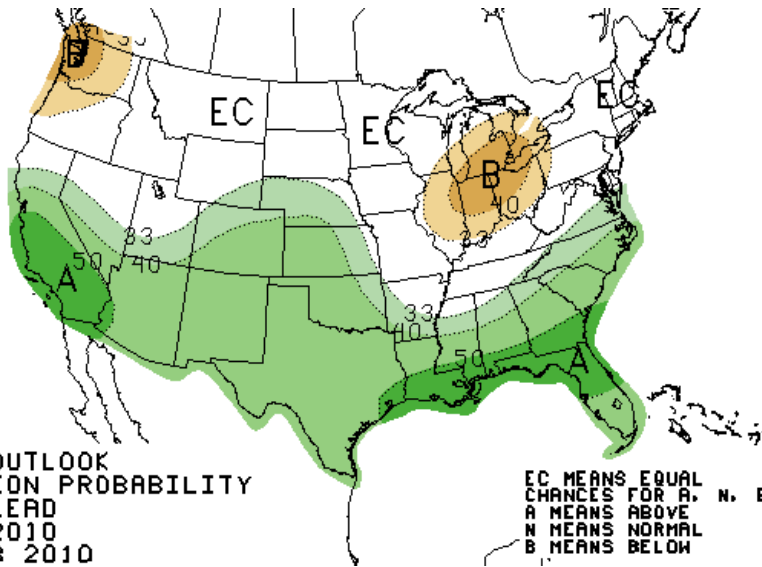
- Insufficient information available to compute water-level statistics
- In lowest 10 percent of past water elevations
- ▼ Within lowest 10 to 30 percent of past water elevations
- Within 20 percent of the median of past water elevations
- ▲ Within highest 10 to 30 percent of past water elevations
- ✚ In highest 10 percent of past water elevations



# U. S. Seasonal Precipitation Outlook

National Climate Prediction Center (CPC)

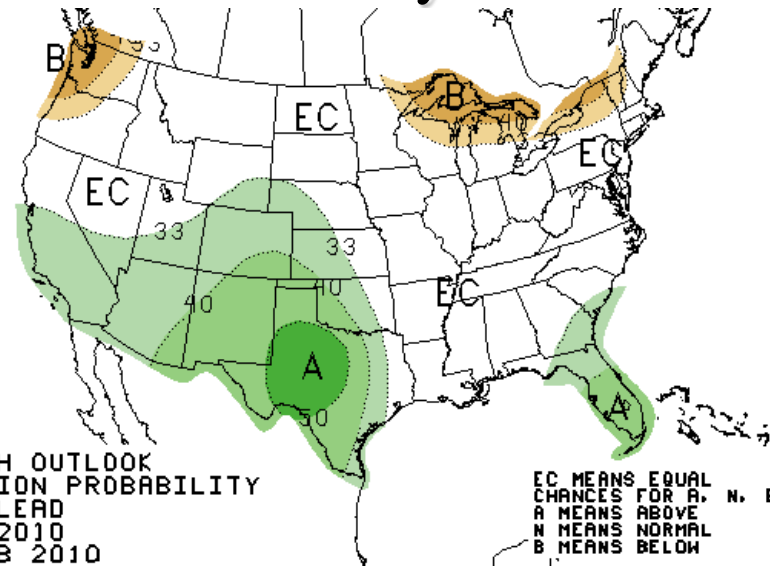
March



ONE-MONTH OUTLOOK  
PRECIPITATION PROBABILITY  
0.5 MONTH LEAD  
VALID MAR 2010  
MADE 18 FEB 2010

EC MEANS EQUAL  
CHANCES FOR A, N, B  
A MEANS ABOVE  
N MEANS NORMAL  
B MEANS BELOW

Mar-May



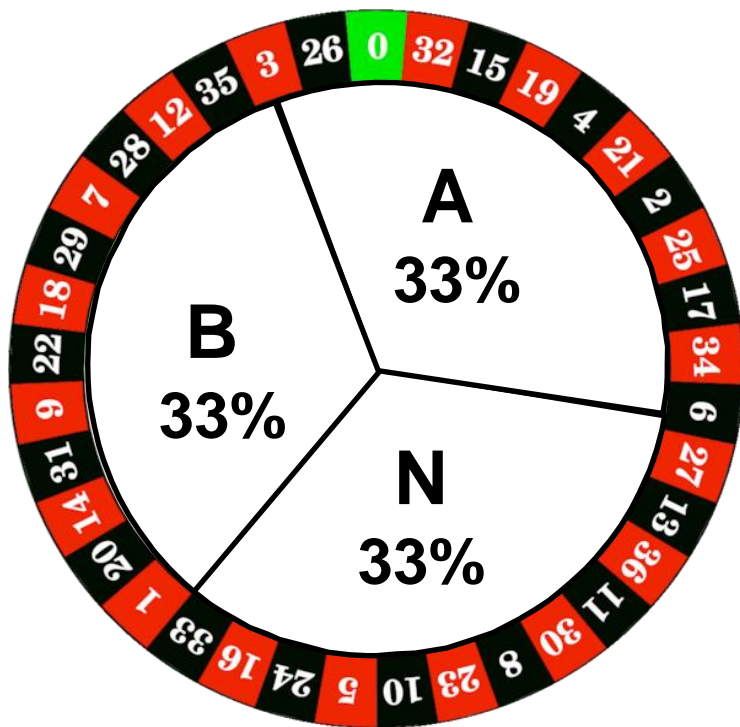
THREE-MONTH OUTLOOK  
PRECIPITATION PROBABILITY  
0.5 MONTH LEAD  
VALID MAM 2010  
MADE 18 FEB 2010

EC MEANS EQUAL  
CHANCES FOR A, N, B  
A MEANS ABOVE  
N MEANS NORMAL  
B MEANS BELOW

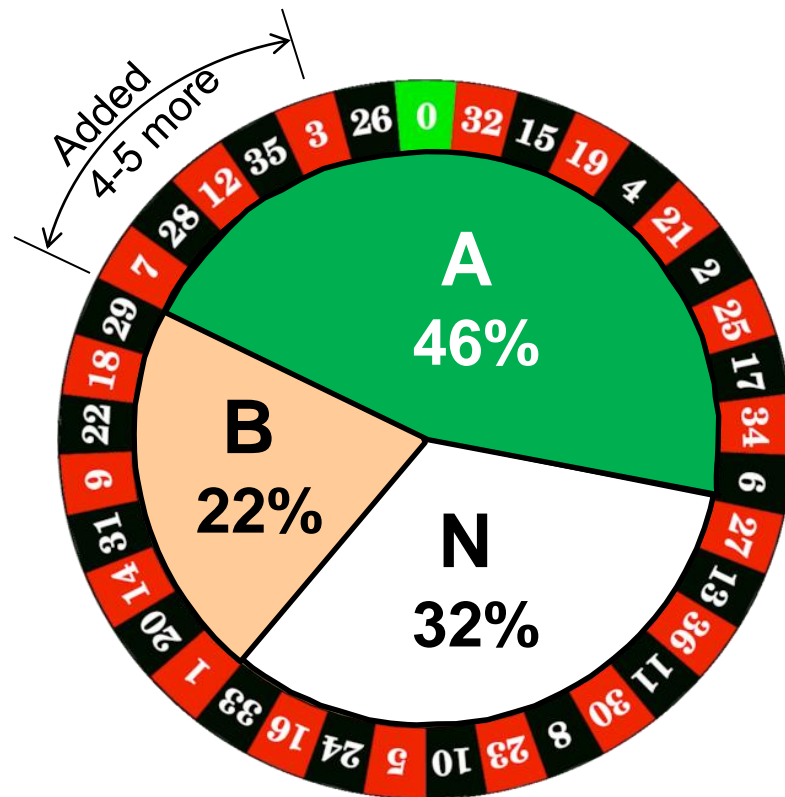
- An El Niño event continues in the tropical Pacific with monthly sea surface temps in the equatorial Pacific averaging from 1-2 degrees C above normal. El Niño conditions are expected to persist into the boreal spring, impacting U.S. surface temperature and precip outlooks for March-June (CPC outlook 18-Feb-2009)
- The outlook for March shows an increased chance of above-normal (A) rainfall for central and south Florida (~50%).
- The outlook for Mar-May shows increased chances of above-normal (A) rainfall for central (43%) and south (46%) Florida (same as Jan CPC forecast)  
(Note: If there are no increased chances, the probability of above-normal is 33%)

# Climate Outlook Probabilities

## How to Interpret the CPC Precipitation Outlook



EC = Equal Chances of A, N, B



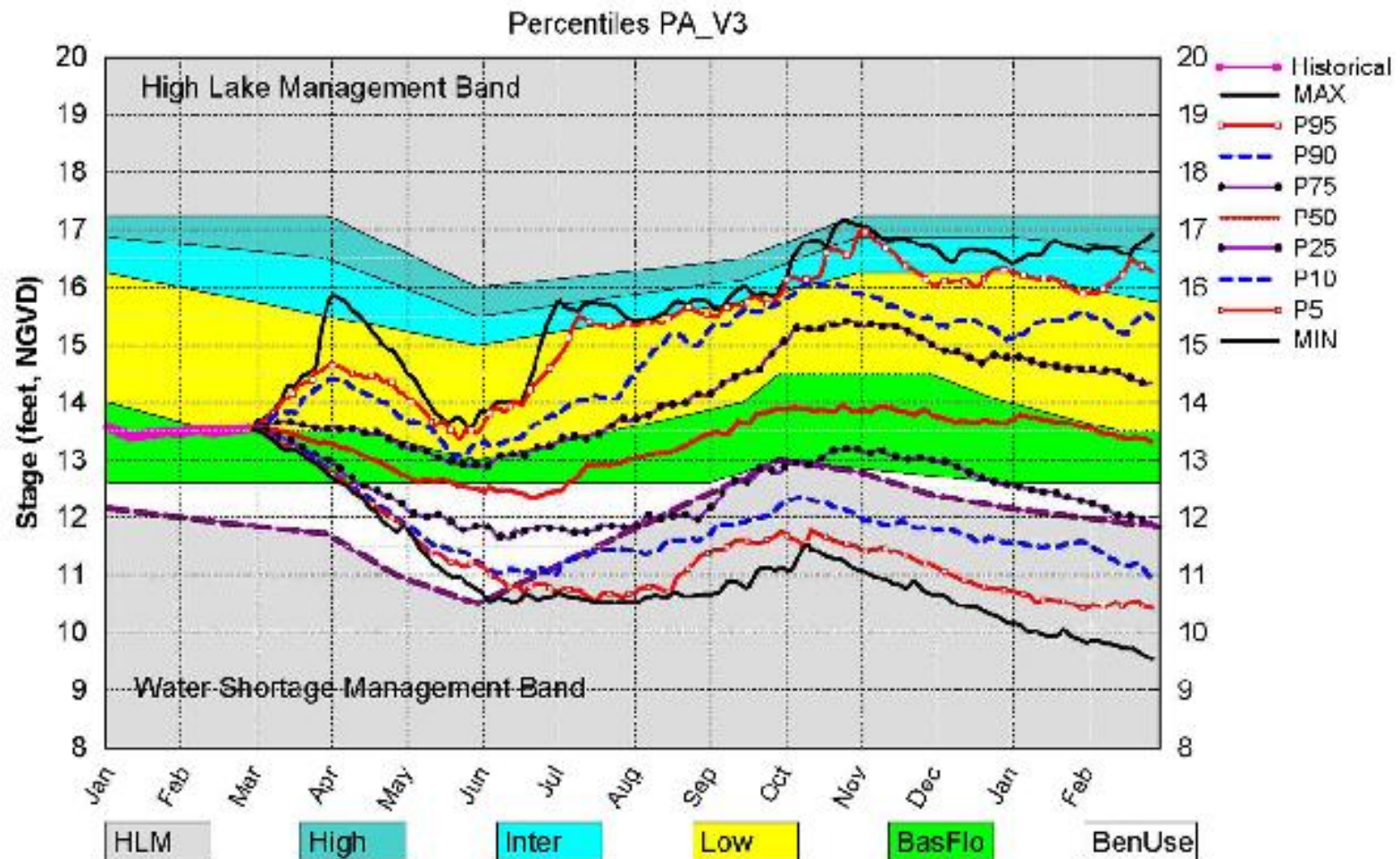
Increased Chance of Above-Normal

# ***Lake Okeechobee Stage Forecast***

- **Future Lake stage depends on future rainfall**
- **Projections provided monthly by SFWMD  
Hydrologic and Environmental Systems  
Modeling (HESM) Department  
Don Ketprakong, Paul Trimble, Danielle Morancy,  
Luis Cadavid, Jayantha Obeysekera**
- **Position Analysis**
  - **Each year starts with current hydrologic conditions**
  - **41 1-yr simulations of system response to historical rainfall conditions**
  - **Statistical summaries used to display projections**



# Lake Okeechobee SFWMM March 2010 Position Analysis



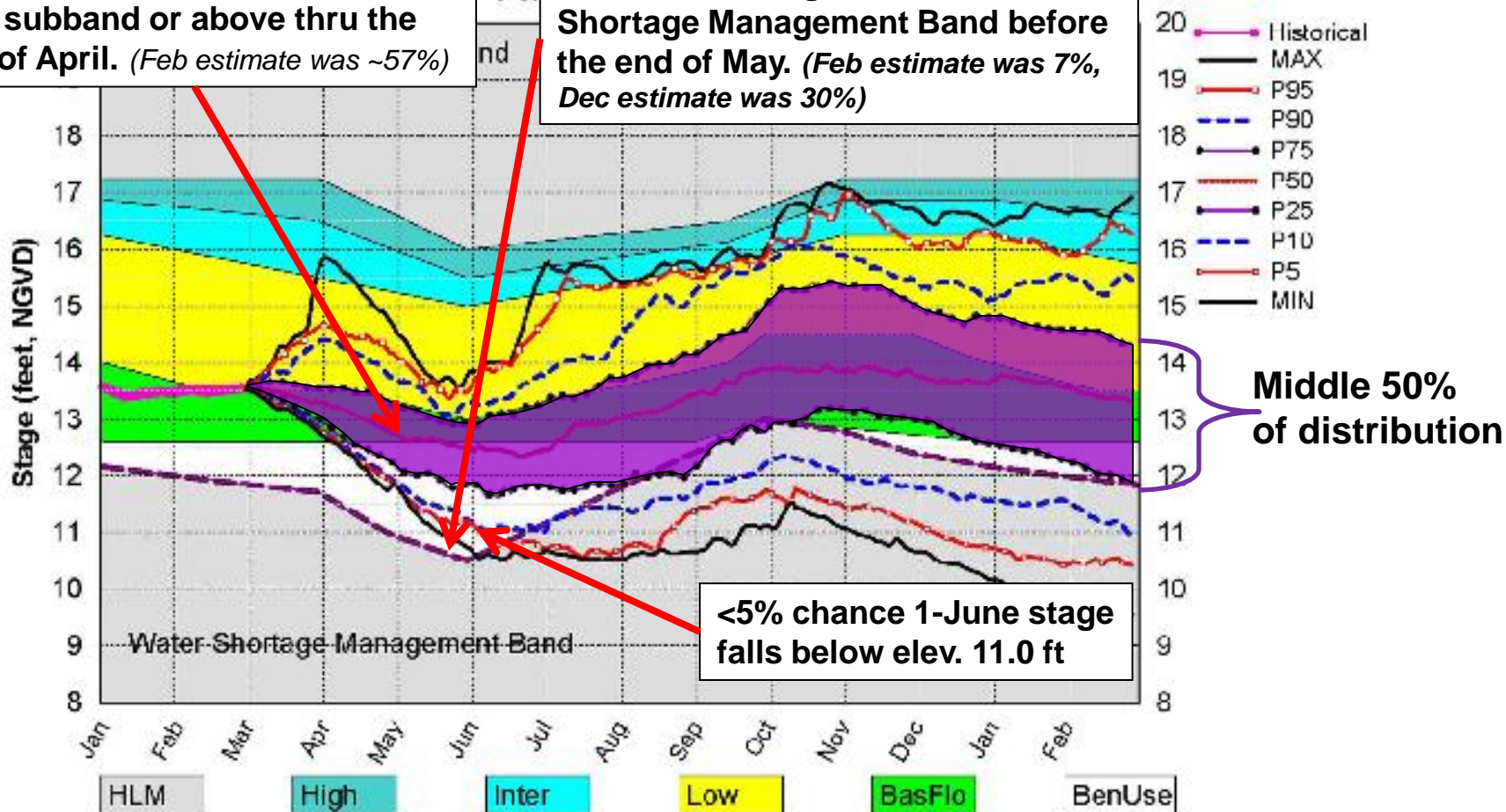
(See assumptions on the Position Analysis Results website)

Fri Mar 5 15:25:03 2010

# Lake Okeechobee SFWMM March 2010 Position Analysis

>50% chance stage is in the base-flow subband or above thru the end of April. (Feb estimate was ~57%)

~0% chance stage falls in the Water Shortage Management Band before the end of May. (Feb estimate was 7%, Dec estimate was 30%)

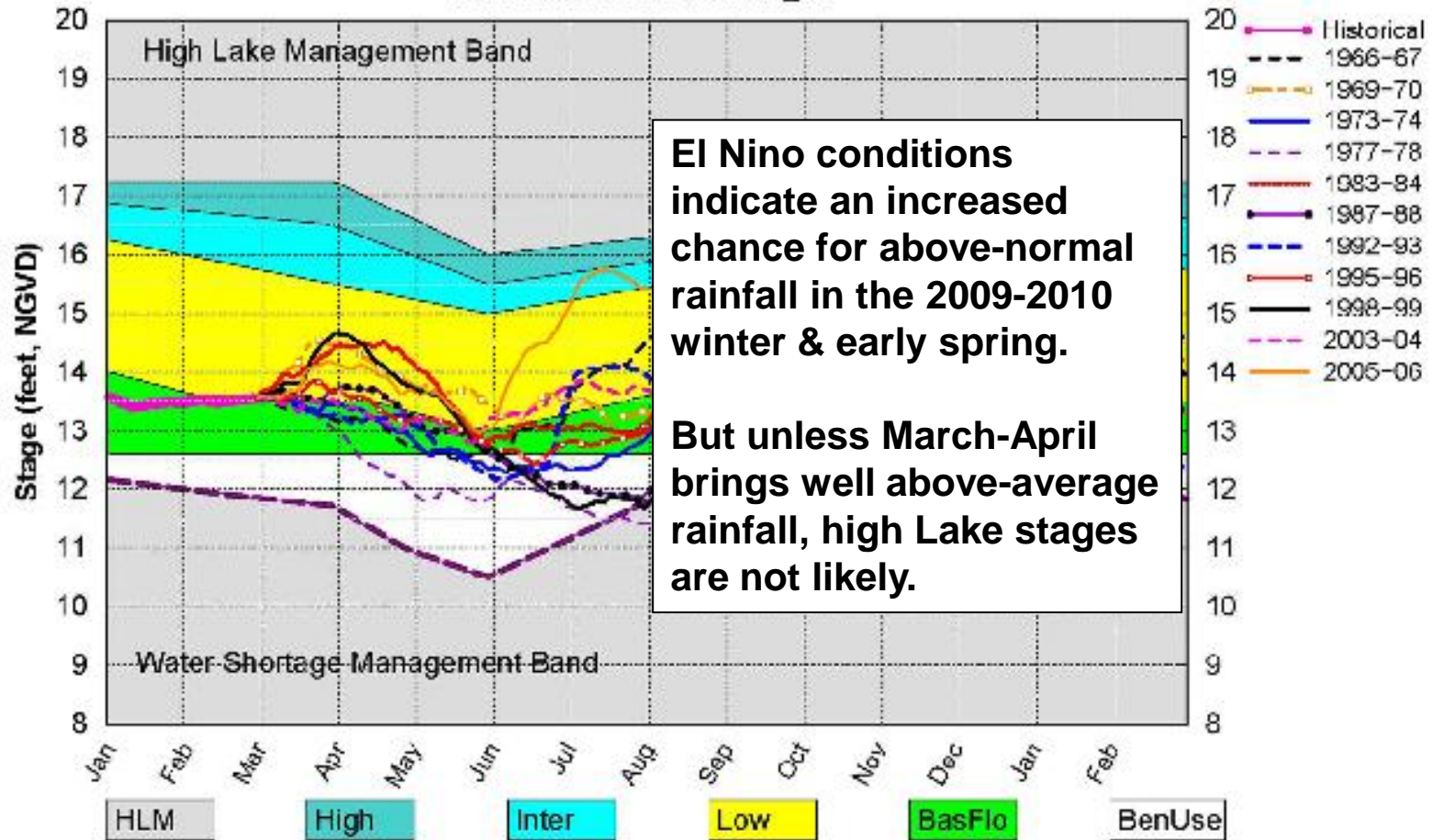


(See assumptions on the Position Analysis Results website)

Fri Mar 5 15:25:03 2010

# Lake Okeechobee SFWMM March 2010 Position Analysis

All El Nino Years Plot PA\_V3



(See assumptions on the Position Analysis Results website)

Fri Mar 5 15:25:28 2010



# Lake Okeechobee Stage Forecast Summary

- **>50 chance Lake releases will be needed to manage Lake stages through April**
  - **>50% chance stage is in the base-flow subband or above through the end of April.**
- **Almost a zero chance of water restrictions in the Lake O Service Area this spring.**
  - **~0% chance stage falls in the Water Shortage Management Band before the end of May. (Feb estimate was 7%, Dec estimate was 30%)**
- **Low risk of water shortage means some flexibility exists to send environmental water deliveries to the Caloosahatchee Estuary, if needed.**
  - **Very low chance (<5%) the 1-June stage will fall below 11.0 ft.**

# Lake Okeechobee Releases

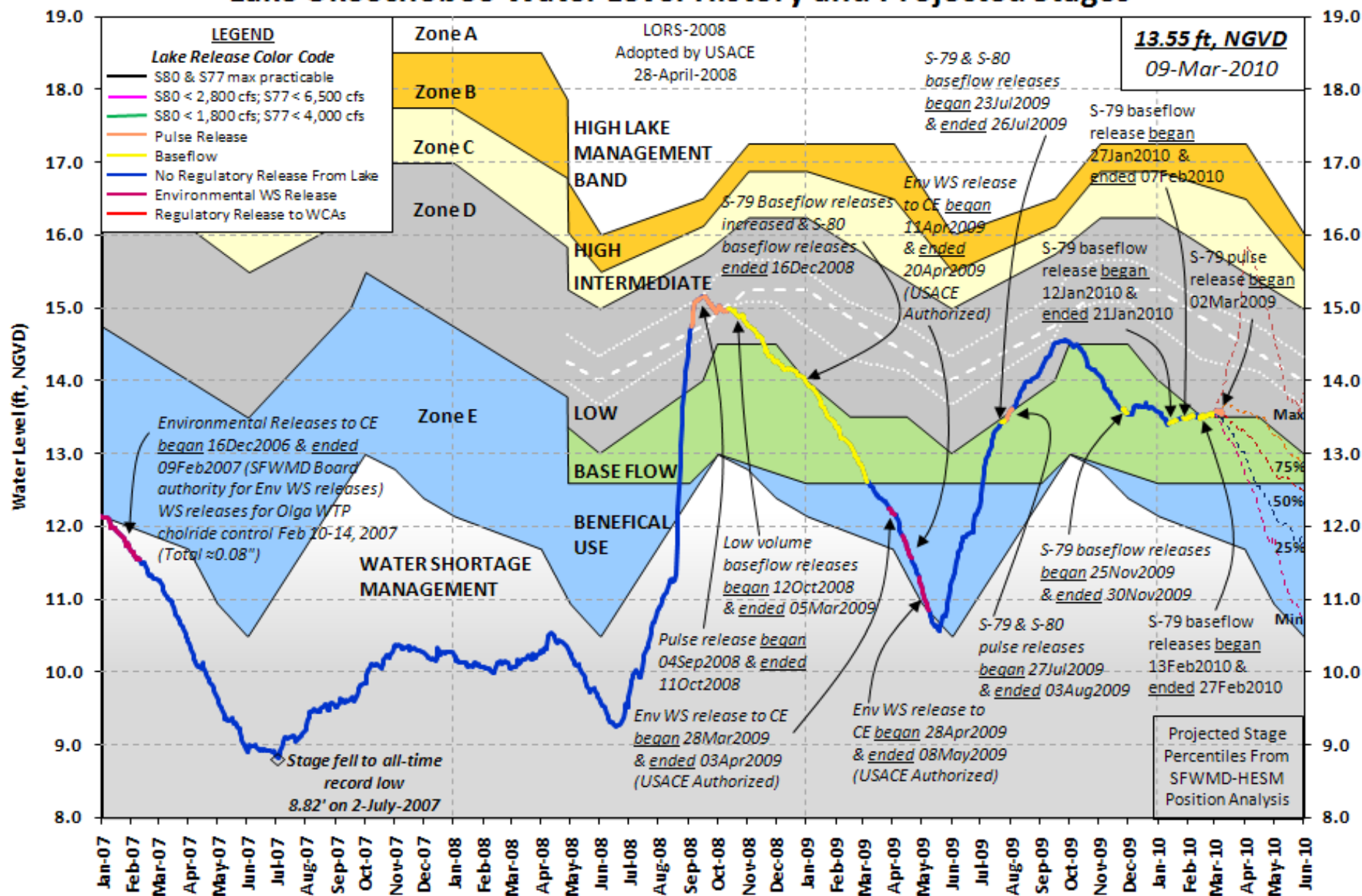
- On March 2, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers initiated a 21-day release (3 x 7-day pulses) from Lake Okeechobee to the Caloosahatchee Estuary with an average daily flow of 800 cfs.
- Current stage is rising slowly within the low sub-band of the Lake O Regulation Schedule (LORS), & the release guidance calls for up-to 3000 cfs at S-79, up-to 1170 cfs at S-80, and no releases to the WCAs.
- Conditions are transitioning from those that suggest holding water to those that recommend discharging water.
- Summary of District staff's recommendation to the USACE:
  - Current Lake ecological conditions do not require a more-aggressive lake stage recession if it would result in impacts to the estuaries.
  - Increase current pulse releases at S-79 to an average of 1200 cfs.
  - Initiate pulse releases to the St. Lucie Estuary at S-80 averaging 400 cfs.
  - Re-evaluate system conditions next week for potential modifications to pulse discharge volumes.

# Questions?





# Lake Okeechobee Water Level History and Projected Stages



# U.S. Drought Monitor

## Southeast

February 16, 2010

Valid 7 a.m. EST

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Last Week (02/09/2010 map)	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3 Months Ago (11/24/2009 map)	89.4	10.6	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Start of Calendar Year (01/05/2010 map)	99.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Start of Water Year (10/06/2009 map)	82.6	17.4	5.5	1.0	0.0	0.0
One Year Ago (02/17/2009 map)	6.1	93.9	29.8	6.0	1.9	0.0

### Intensity:

 D0 Abnormally Dry	 D3 Drought - Extreme
 D1 Drought - Moderate	 D4 Drought - Exceptional
 D2 Drought - Severe	



The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. See accompanying text summary for forecast statements

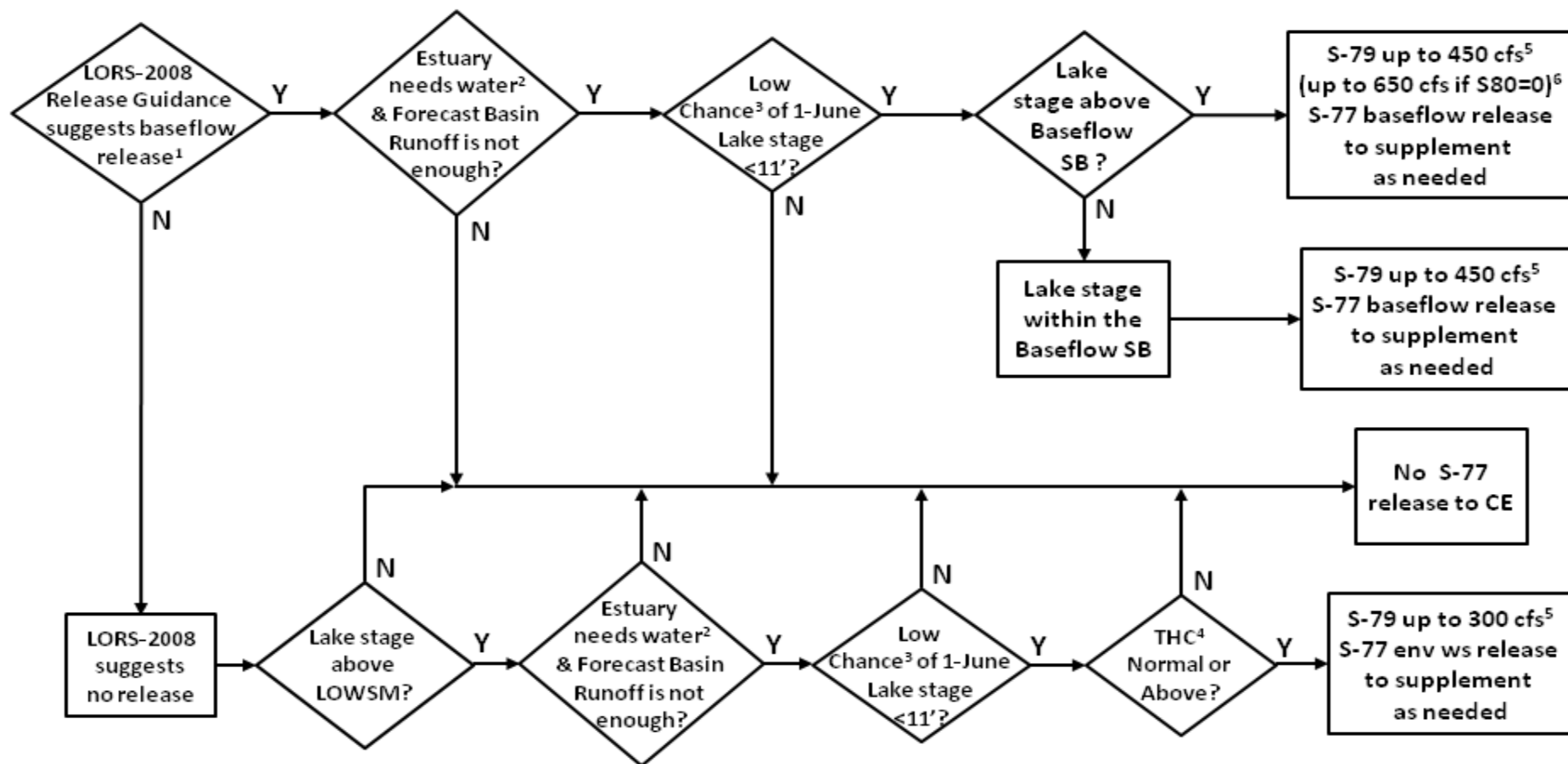
<http://drought.unl.edu/dm>



Released Thursday, February 18, 2010

Author: Brian Fuchs, National Drought Mitigation Center

# Flowchart to Guide Recommendations for Lake Okeechobee Releases to the Caloosahatchee Estuary for LORS-2008 Baseflow & for Environmental Water Supply



<sup>1</sup>The LORS-2008 Release Guidance (Part D) can suggest baseflow releases in the Intermediate, Low, or Baseflow Subbands.

<sup>2</sup>For simulation testing, estuary "needs" water when 30d moving avg. salinity at I-75 bridge is projected to exceed 5psu within 2 weeks.

<sup>3</sup>For simulation testing, "Low chance" is defined as less than a 30% chance that the 1-June Lake stage falls below elevation 11.0', NGVD.

<sup>4</sup>THC = Tributary Hydrologic Condition is based on classification of Lake O Net Inflow and Palmer Index.

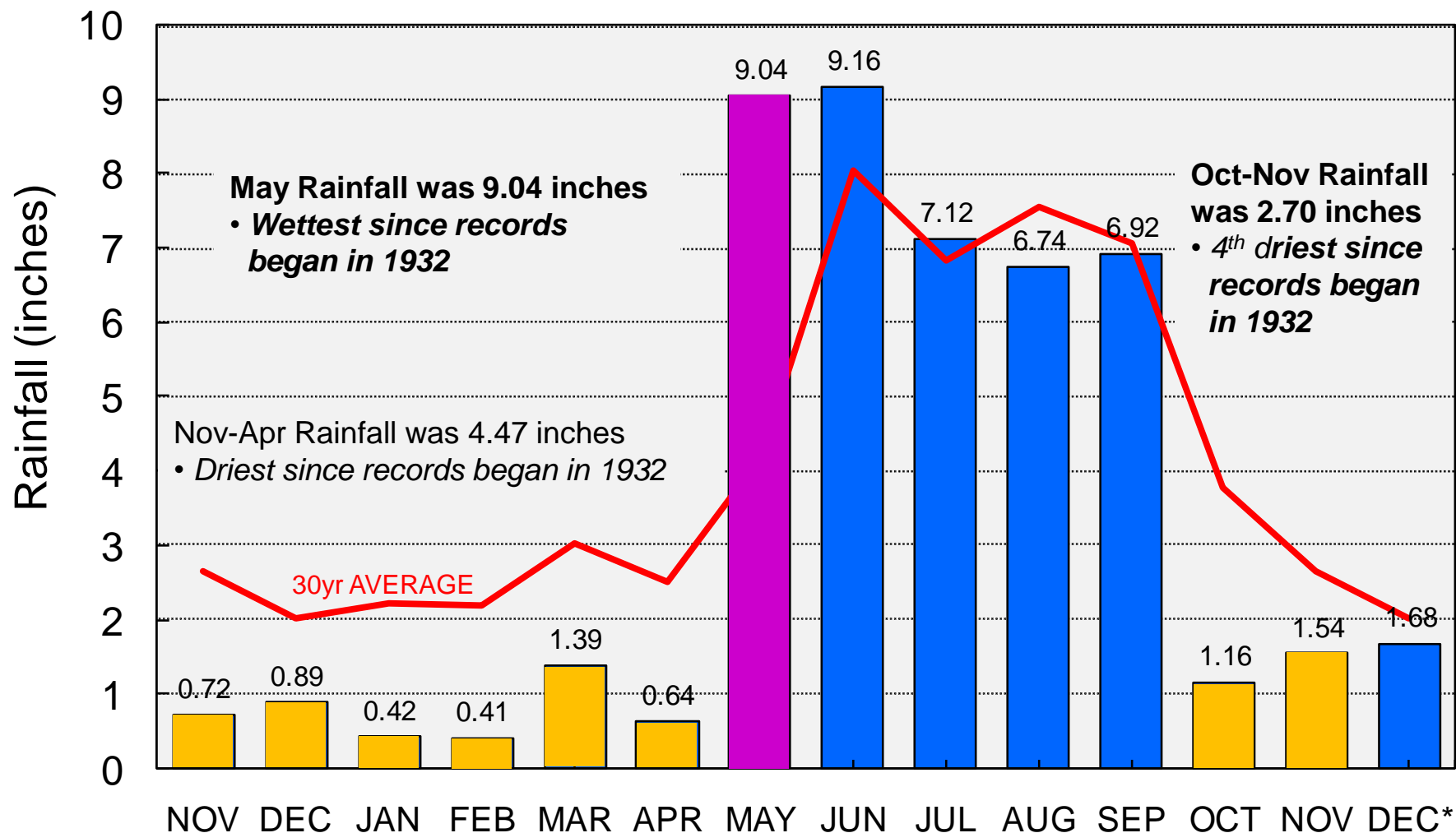
<sup>5</sup>Can release less than the "up to" limit if lower release is sufficient to reach or sustain desired estuary salinity.

<sup>6</sup>Based on confirmation that the St. Lucie Estuary does not need all or a portion of this baseflow



# SFWMD MONTHLY RAINFALL

Nov 2008 - Dec 2009



Source: SFWMD Weather Office

\* December total as of 7-Dec-2009  
21